



CS 1550

Week 6 – Project 2

Teaching Assistant
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CS 1550 – Project 2

- **Due:** Friday, October 18th @11:59pm
- **Late:** Sunday, October 20th @11:59pm with 10% reduction per late day

Create a new process – fork()

- `int fork(void)`
 - Create a new process
 - No argument
 - Returns 0 to the child process
 - Returns child's pid to the parent process (>0)
 - After creation of the process, both parent and child processes start execution from the next instruction following the `fork()` system call.

Create a new process – fork()

```
int pid = fork();

if (pid < 0) {
    fprintf(stderr, "Fork failed\n");
    exit(1);
}

if (pid == 0) {
    printf("This is the child\n");
    exit(0);
}

if (pid > 0) {
    printf("This is parent. The
    child's pid is %d\n", pid);
    exit(0);
}
```

Create a new process – fork() Example

- See whiteboard, demo

Project 2 – constraints

- Safe apartment inspection problem
 - A tenant cannot view an apartment without an agent
 - An agent cannot open the apartment without a tenant
 - An agent leaves when no more tenants are in the apartment
 - An agent cannot leave until all tenants in the apartment leave
 - Once an agent opens the apartment, she can show the apartment to at most ten tenants, and
 - At most one agent can open the apartment at a time
- Always satisfies the above constraints
- Under no conditions will a deadlock occur

Project 2

- The tenant process
 - The agent process
 - Tenant arrival process
 - Agent arrival process
- tenantArrives()
 - viewApt()
 - tenantLeaves()
 - agentArrives()
 - openApt()
 - agentLeaves()

Project 2 – arguments

- Command-line arguments:
 - -m: number of tenants
 - -k: number of agents
 - -pt: probability of a tenant immediately following another tenant
 - -dt: delay in seconds when a tenant does not immediately follow another tenant
 - -st: random seed for the tenant arrival process
 - -pa: probability of an agent immediately following another agent
 - -da: delay in seconds when an agent does not immediately follow another agent
 - -sa: random seed for the agent arrival process

Project 2 – Testing your program

- You can find a modified kernel with semaphore implementation in the following files (also can be found in course web, TA's webpage):
 - /u/OSLab/original/bzImage
 - /u/OSLab/original/System.map
 - /u/OSLab/original/sem.h
 - /u/OSLab/original/unistd.h (to compile your programs against)
 - cp unistd.h to linux-2.6.23.1/include/asm/
- Compile aptsim.c (the same way how you compile trafficsim)
 - gcc -m32 -o aptsim -I /PATH/TO/linux-2.6.23.1/include aptsim.c
- Log in your QEMU virtual machine:
 - Copy the kernel image with cs1550 semaphore implementation (System.map and bzImage) to QEMU (/boot/bzImage-devel, /boot/System.map-devel)
 - lilo
 - Reboot, select devel mode from the boot loader menu.
- Copy aptsim to QEMU and run the program by
 - ./aptsim

Project 2 – Submission

- Well commented `aptsim.c` file
- A brief, intuitive explanation of why your solution is
 - fair (maximum 10 tenants per agent),
 - deadlock, and
 - starvation free.



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