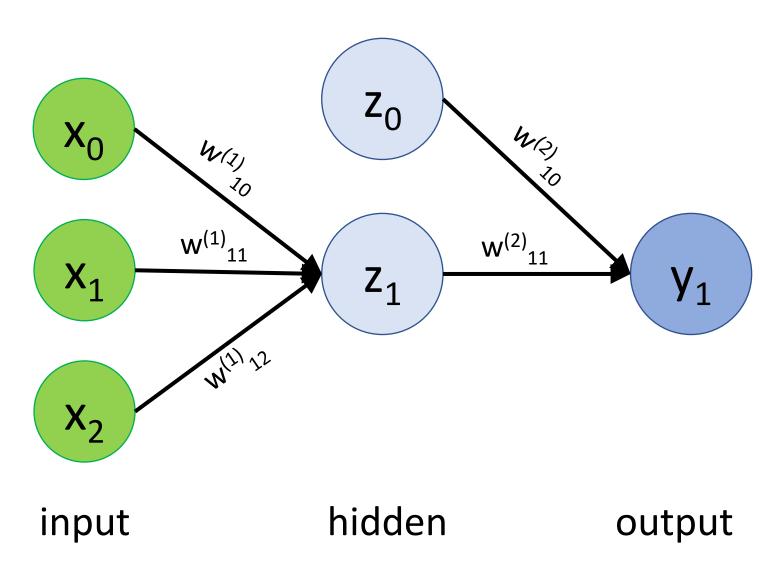
Neural Net Examples

CS 1678/2078 Intro to Deep Learning January 24, 2024

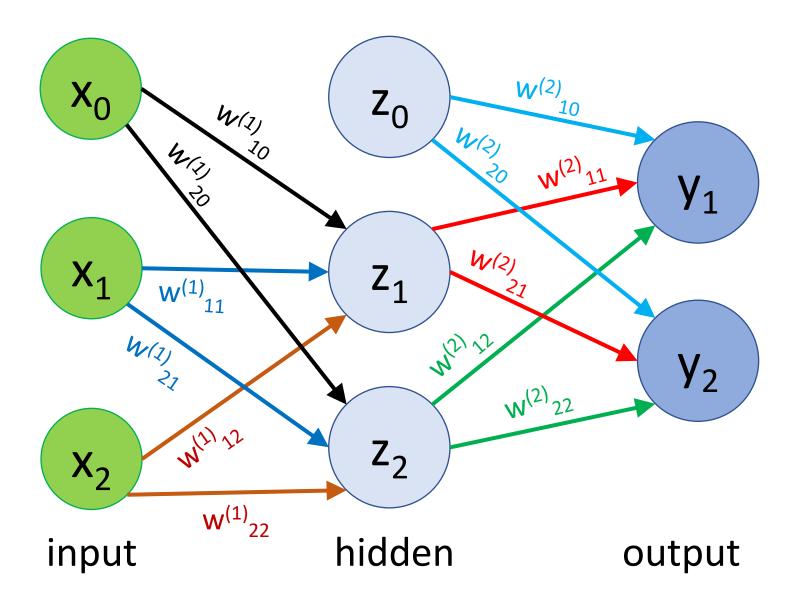
First architecture



- In all examples, x = [x0 x1 x2], where x0 = 1
- Assume sigmoid activation function
- Initialize all weights to 0.1
- First example: x = [1 1 0]
- Second example: $x = [1 \ 0 \ 1]$
- Third example: x = [1 1 1]

- First example:
 - At hidden: $z_1 = ?$
 - At output: $y_1 = ? y_{pred} = ?$
- Second example:
 - At hidden: $z_1 = ?$
 - At output: $y_1 = ? y_{pred} = ?$
- Third example:
 - At hidden: $z_1 = ?$
 - At output: $y_1 = ? y_{pred} = ?$

Second architecture



- In all examples, x = [x0 x1 x2], where x0 = 1
- Assume sigmoid activation function
- Initialize all weights to 0.05
- First example: x = [1 1 0]
- Second example: $x = [1 \ 0 \ 1]$
- Third example: x = [1 1 1]

- First, second, third example:
 - At hidden:
 - $z_1 = ?$
 - $z_2 = ?$
 - At output:
 - $y_1 = ?$
 - $y_2 = ?$
 - $y_{pred} = [1 \ 1]$

Training the first network

- Perform backpropagation using stochastic gradient descent (one sample at a time)
- Weights are initially all 0.1
- Learning rate is 0.3
- Sigmoid activation function at hidden and output
- d s(x) / dx = s(x) (1 s(x)) dx
- Samples have the following labels:
 - First example: $x = [1 \ 1 \ 0], y = 1$
 - Second example: $x = [1 \ 0 \ 1], y = 0$
 - Third example: $x = [1 \ 1 \ 1], y = 1$
- Preview: What do you expect final weights to be?

Learning from first example

- First example: $x = [1 \ 1 \ 0], y = 1$
- Weights are $w^{(1)}_{10} = w^{(1)}_{11} = w^{(1)}_{12} = w^{(2)}_{10} = w^{(2)}_{11} = 0.1$
- Activations are $z_1 = 0.5498$, $y_1 = 0.5387$
- Compute errors:
 - $\delta_{v1} = ?$
 - $\delta_{71} = ?$
- Update weights:
 - $w^{(2)}_{10} = w^{(2)}_{10} ?$
 - $w^{(2)}_{11} = w^{(2)}_{11} ?$
 - $w^{(1)}_{10} = w^{(1)}_{10} ?$
 - $w^{(1)}_{11} = w^{(1)}_{11} ?$
 - $w^{(1)}_{12} = w^{(1)}_{12} ?$

Recap

• Do the w⁽¹⁾ weights we obtained make sense?