| Name: | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Instructions | | | | | | |
| and | d "C" are | IOST CORRECT answer for the following questions in the space provided. For example: If "A both correct, and "D" is "both A and C", then answering "D" will get you credit. Answering vill get you NO credit. | | | | |
| 1) | В | When you execute the command: javac sourceFile.java (sourcefile.java is a Java source file), what is the result? | | | | |
| | A. | A traditional executable file | | | | |
| | В. | Java byte code | | | | |
| | C. | A file containing machine language | | | | |
| | D. | A compiler | | | | |
| | E. | Both B and C | | | | |
| 2) | D | Java is called an interpreted language because java programs need to be run by a program called what? | | | | |
| | A. | JCM | | | | |
| | В. | JMM | | | | |
| | C. | Java SDK | | | | |
| | D. | JVM | | | | |
| | E. | JCC | | | | |
| 3) | _A | In Object Oriented Programming, what are the two major parts of an object? | | | | |
| | A. | Attributes and methods | | | | |
| | В. | A processor and memory | | | | |
| | C. | Input and output | | | | |
| | D. | Strings and integers | | | | |
| | F | Floating-point numbers and integers | | | | |

CS0007: Quiz #1

| 4) | <u>E</u> | What is a standard library of prewritten classes for performing specific operations? |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | A. | JPI |
| | В. | CSI |
| | C. | GCC |
| | D. | PPI |
| | E. | API |
| | | |
| 5) | В | What are named storage locations in memory called? |
| | Α. | Memory addresses |
| | В. | Variables |
| | C. | Allocations |
| | D. | Secondary storage |
| | E. | Values |
| | | |
| | | |
| 6) | В | What is the characteristic of variables that describe what legal values a variable can hold? |
| 6) | B | hold? |
| 6) | Α. | hold? Name |
| 6) | | hold? Name Type |
| 6) | A. B. | hold? Name |
| 6) | A. B. C. | hold? Name Type Kind |
| 6) | A. B. C. D. | hold? Name Type Kind Value |
| | A. B. C. D. | hold? Name Type Kind Value Size |
| 6)7) | A. B. C. D. E. | hold? Name Type Kind Value Size Which of the following is NOT an integer data type? |
| | A. B. C. D. E. | hold? Name Type Kind Value Size Which of the following is NOT an integer data type? int |
| | A. B. C. D. E. | Name Type Kind Value Size Which of the following is NOT an integer data type? int double |
| | A. B. C. D. E. B A. B. C. | Name Type Kind Value Size Which of the following is NOT an integer data type? int double byte |
| | A. B. C. D. E. | Name Type Kind Value Size Which of the following is NOT an integer data type? int double |

| 8) | С | create objects? |
|-----|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | A. | Classes |
| | В. | Scopes |
| | C. | Primitive types |
| | D. | Integers |
| | E. | Keywords |
| | _ | |
| 9) | D | The expression 20 / (-2 * 4) in Java would resolve to what? |
| | A. | 2.5 |
| | В. | -2.5 |
| | C. | 2 |
| | D. | -2 |
| | E. | None of the above |
| | | |
| 10) | С | A value that is explicitly written in the code of the program is called what? |
| | A. | A variable |
| | В. | A constant |
| | C. | A literal |
| | D. | A data type |
| | E. | A number |
| | | Which type holds either true or false? |
| 11) | Α | |
| | A. | boolean |
| | В. | char |
| | C. | String |
| | D. | truth |
| | | |

What are built-in data types that are basic building blocks for all other types and DO NOT

| , | | |
|-----|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Α. | Before a value is assigned to a variable, Java checks the types of the variable and the value being assigned to it to determine if they are compatible. |
| | В. | Java does not automatically convert from one type to another. |
| | C. | Java does not allow the programmer to manually convert from one type to another. |
| | D. | You cannot have an expression with both integer and floating-point types. |
| | E. | You cannot have mixed-integer expressions. |
| 13) | С | What is converting a value to a lower-ranked type called? |
| | A. | Replacement conversion |
| | В. | Widening conversion |
| | C. | Narrowing conversion |
| | D. | Illegal in Java |
| | E. | None of the above are correct |
| 14) | D | Which of the following types is actually a class in Java? |
| ` | A. | int |
| | В. | double |
| | C. | float |
| | D. | String |
| | E. | long |
| 15) | _E | What term refers to where in a program an entity can be accessed by name? |
| | A. | Visibility |
| | В. | Color |
| | C. | Value |
| | D. | Constancy |
| | E. | Scope |
| | | |
| | | |

Because Java is a strongly-typed language, what is true as a result?

12)